

Bosch Rexroth A2FM125/61W-VAB010 *GO2EU* axial piston fixed motor

Manufacturer: Bosch Rexroth
Manufacturer part number / published order designation: R902230009
Published model: A2FM125/61W-VAB010 *GO2EU*

About this compilation

Prepared by Hydmaster from selected manufacturer documentation. Original technical pages follow without cropped drawings, rewritten data or altered units. This cover and index are Hydmaster editorial material, not a manufacturer-issued exact-execution datasheet.

Coverage: selected pages relevant to the identified size and configuration. Other options or neighbouring models retained on an original page apply only where explicitly identified.

Execution notes and conditions

No universal maximum motor speed/pressure/flow asserted. Source pressure definitions, duty restrictions, shaft loads and case/inlet pressure conditions retained.

Manufacturer family images are representative; not exact article-dimensional drawings.

Factorycard Maxflow0 omitted as unspecified placeholder.

Source-page index

Source page numbers below are physical pages of each complete original PDF. The original printed page labels and technical content remain unchanged. Compiled page numbers count this cover/index.

Source A: Bosch Rexroth A2Fm Series 6X Technical Data

Original pages	Compiled pages	Relevant content
1-10	2-11	Family operating conditions, hydraulic fluids, pressure/speed restrictions, characteristics, installation and safety; other options are not assigned to this article
14-15	12-13	Body and mounting table, exact nominal size125; Exact size125 and existing shaftA geometry only; shaft centering threads are not fluid ports
17-18	14-15	Actual plate01 geometry and size-specific flange mounting pattern; Actual size125 port data, plate01, drain ports and applicable footnotes; SAE flange nominal size is not a threaded port designation
32-34	16-18	Family operating conditions, hydraulic fluids, pressure/speed restrictions, characteristics, installation and safety; other options are not assigned to this article

Axial piston fixed motor

A2FM series 6x



- ▶ All-purpose high pressure motor
- ▶ Size 5 ... 1000
- ▶ Nominal pressure up to 400 bar
- ▶ Maximum pressure up 450 bar
- ▶ Open and closed circuits
- ▶ Metric version

Features

- ▶ Large variety of available nominal sizes allows exact adjustment to the application
- ▶ High power density
- ▶ Very high total efficiency
- ▶ High starting efficiency
- ▶ Working ports SAE flange or thread
- ▶ Optional with integrated pressure relief valve
- ▶ Optional with mounted additional valve: counterbalance valve (BVD/BVE), flushing and boost-pressure valve
- ▶ Bent-axis design

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Type codes

01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15
	A2F		M		/	6		W	-	V				

Hydraulic fluid

01	Mineral oil and HFD. HFD for sizes 250 to 1000 only in combination with long-life bearing “L” (without code)		
	HFB-, HFC-hydraulic fluid	Sizes 5 to 200 (without code)	
		Sizes 250 to 1000 (only in combination with long-life bearing “L”) E-	

Axial piston unit

02	Bent-axis design, fixed													A2F
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Drive shaft bearing

		5-200	250-500	710-1000	
03	Standard bearing (without code)	●	●	-	
	Long-life bearing	-	●	●	L

Operating mode

04	Motor													M
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Sizes (NG)¹⁾

05	Geometric displacement (see table of values)																	
			5	10	12	16	23	28	32	107	125	160	180	200	250	355	500	710

Series

06														6
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Index

07	Size 10 to 180													1
	Size 200													3
	Size 5 and 250 o 1000													0

Direction of rotation

08	Viewed on drive shaft, bidirectional													W
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Seal material

09	FKM (fluoroelastomer)													V
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Drive shaft

		5	10	12	16	23	28	32	107	125	160	180	200	250-1000	
10	Splined shaft DIN 5480	-	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	-	A
		-	●	●	-	●	●	-	●	-	●	-	-	●	Z
	Parallel keyed shaft DIN 6885	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	-	B
		-	●	●	-	●	●	-	●	-	●	-	-	●	P
	Conical shaft ²⁾	●	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	C

Mounting flange

		5-250	355-1000	
11	ISO 3019-2 4-hole	●	-	B
	8-hole	-	●	H

● = Available ○ = On request - = Not available

¹⁾ Sizes 45, 56, 63, 80, 90 see data sheet 91071 (A2FM series 70)

²⁾ Tapered shaft with threaded pin and woodruff key (DIN 6888). The torque must be transmitted via the tapered press fit.

01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15
	A2F		M		/	6		W	-	V				

Working ports

Working ports			5	10-16	23	28-32	107-125	160-180	200	250	355-500	710-1000		
12	SAE working ports A and B at rear	01	0	–	–	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	010	
			7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	●	–	017
	SAE working ports A and B at side, opposite	02	0	–	–	●	●	●	●	–	●	–	–	020
			7	–	–	–	–	●	●	–	●	–	–	027
	Threaded ports A and B at side, opposite	03	0	●	●	●	●	–	–	–	–	–	–	030
	Threaded ports A and B at side and at rear ¹⁾	04	0	–	●	●	●	–	–	–	–	–	–	040
	SAE working ports, A and B at bottom	10	0	–	–	–	●	●	●	–	–	–	–	100
	Port plate with pressure relief valves for mounting a counterbalance valve	BVD 17	1	–	–	–	–	●	–	–	–	–	–	171
														178
BVE 18		8	–	–	–	–	●	●	●	–	–	–	–	181
			–	–	–	–	–	●	●	–	– ²⁾	–	–	188
Port plate with pressure relief valves	19	1	–	–	–	●	●	●	–	–	–	–	191	
		2	–	–	–	●	●	●	–	–	–	–	192	
Valves														
Without valve													0	
Pressure-relief valves (without pressure boost facility)													1	
Pressure-relief valves (with pressure boost facility)													2	
Flushing and boost pressure valve mounted													7	
Counterbalance valve BVD/BVE mounted ³⁾													8	

Speed sensors

		5-16	23-180	200	250-1000 ⁴⁾	
13	Without speed sensor (without code)	•	•	•	•	
	Prepared for HDD speed sensor	-	-	-	•	F
	HDD speed sensor mounted ⁵⁾	-	-	-	•	H
	Prepared for DSA speed sensor	-	•	•	○	U
	Speed sensor DSA mounted ⁵⁾	-	•	•	○	V

Special version (only sizes 28 to 180)

14	Standard version (without code)	
	Special version for slew drives (standard with port plate 19)	J

Standard / special version

15	Standard version (without code)	
	Standard version with installation variants, e. g. T ports against standard open or close	-Y
	Special version	-S

• = Available ○ = On request - = Not available

¹⁾ Threaded ports at the sides plugged with threaded plugs.

²⁾ Please contact us.

³⁾ Specify ordering code of counterbalance valve according to data sheet 95522 (BVD) respectively data sheet 95526 (BVE) separately.

⁴⁾ Size 710 please contact us.

⁵⁾ Specify ordering code of sensor according to data sheet 95133 (DSA) respectively data sheet 95135 (HDD) separately.

Notice

- ▶ Please note the project planning notes in chapter Project planning notes
- ▶ Please note that not all type code combinations are available although the individual functions are marked as being available

Technical data

Table of values

Size			5	10	12	16	23	28	32	107	125	160	180
Displacement geometric, per revolution	V_g	cm ³	4.93	10.3	12	16	22.9	28.1	32	106.7	125	160.4	180
Nominal pressure	p_{nom}	bar	315	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
Maximum pressure	p_{max}	bar	350	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450
Maximum speed	$n_{nom}^{1)}$	rpm	10000	8000	8000	8000	6300	6300	6300	4000	4000	3600	3600
	$n_{max}^{2)}$	rpm	11000	8800	8800	8800	6900	6900	6900	4400	4400	4000	4000
Inlet flow ³⁾ at n_{nom}	q_v	l/min	49	82	96	128	144	177	202	427	500	577	648
Torque ⁴⁾ at p_{nom}	M	Nm	24.7	66	76	102	146	179	204	679	796	1021	1146
Rotary stiffness	c	kNm/rad	0.63	0.92	1.25	1.59	2.56	2.93	3.12	11.2	11.9	17.4	18.2
Moment of inertia for rotary group	J_{TW}	kg·m ²	0.00006	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0012	0.0012	0.0012	0.0116	0.0116	0.022	0.022
Maximum angular acceleration	α	rad/s ²	5000	5000	5000	5000	6500	6500	6500	4500	4500	3500	3500
Case volume	V	l		0.17	0.17	0.17	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.1
Weight (approx.)	m	kg	2.5	5.4	5.4	5.4	9.5	9.5	9.5	32	32	45	45

Size			200	250	355	500	710	1000
Displacement geometric, per revolution	V_g	cm ³	200	250	355	500	710	1000
Nominal pressure	p_{nom}	bar	400	350	350	350	350	350
Maximum pressure	p_{max}	bar	450	400	400	400	400	400
Maximum speed	$n_{nom}^{1)}$	rpm	2750	2700	2240	2000	1600	1800
	$n_{max}^{2)}$	rpm	3000					
Inlet flow ³⁾ at n_{nom}	q_v	l/min	550	675	795	1000	1136	1600
Torque ⁴⁾ at p_{nom}	M	Nm	1273	1393	1978	2785	3955	5570
Rotary stiffness	c	kNm/rad	57.3	73.1	96.1	144	270	324
Moment of inertia for rotary group	J_{TW}	kg·m ²	0.0353	0.061	0.102	0.178	0.55	0.55
Maximum angular acceleration	α	rad/s ²	11000	10000	8300	5500	4300	4500
Case volume	V	l	2.7	2.5	3.5	4.2	8	8
Weight (approx.)	m	kg	66	73	110	155	325	336

¹⁾ These values are valid at:

- for the optimum viscosity range from $\nu_{opt} = 36$ to $16 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$
- with hydraulic fluid based on mineral oils

²⁾ Intermittent maximum speed: overspeed for unload and overhauling processes, $t < 5 \text{ s}$ and $\Delta p < 150 \text{ bar}$

³⁾ Restriction of input flow with counterbalance valve

⁴⁾ Torque without radial force, with radial force see table "Permissible radial and axial forces of the drive shafts"

Note

- The values in the table are theoretical values, without consideration of efficiencies and tolerances. The values are rounded.
- Exceeding the maximum or falling below the minimum permissible values can lead to a loss of function, a reduction in operational service life or total destruction

of the axial piston unit. Other permissible limit values, such as speed variation, reduced angular acceleration as a function of the frequency and the permissible angular acceleration at start (lower than the maximum angular acceleration) can be found in data sheet 90261.

Speed range

No limit to minimum speed $n_{\min}$. If uniformity of motion is required, speed $n_{\min}$ must not be less than 50 rpm.

Determining the operating characteristics		
Inlet flow	$q_v = \frac{V_g \times n}{1000 \times \eta_v}$	[l/min]
Rotational speed	$n = \frac{q_v \times 1000 \times \eta_v}{V_g}$	[rpm]
Torque	$M = \frac{V_g \times \Delta p \times \eta_{hm}}{20 \times \pi}$	[Nm]
Power	$P = \frac{2 \pi \times M \times n}{60000} = \frac{q_v \times \Delta p \times \eta_v}{600}$	[kW]

Key

V_g	Displacement per revolution [cm ³]
Δp	Differential pressure [bar]
n	Rotational speed [rpm]
η_v	Volumetric efficiency
η_{hm}	Hydraulic-mechanical efficiency
η_t	Total efficiency ($\eta_t = \eta_v \cdot \eta_{hm}$)

Hydraulic fluids

The axial piston unit is designed for operation with mineral oil HLP according to DIN 51524.

Application instructions and requirements for hydraulic fluids should be taken from the following data sheets before the start of project planning:

- ▶ 90220: Hydraulic fluids based on mineral oils and related hydrocarbons
- ▶ 90221: Environmentally acceptable hydraulic fluids
- ▶ 90222: Fire-resistant, water-free hydraulic fluids (HFDR, HFUD)

- ▶ 90223: Fire-resistant, water-containing hydraulic fluids (HFAE, HFAS, HFB, HFC)
- ▶ 90225: Restricted technical data for operation with fire-resistant hydraulic fluids

Viscosity and temperature of hydraulic fluids

	Viscosity	Shaft seal	Temperature ¹⁾	Comment
Cold start	$v_{\max} \leq 1600 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$	NBR ²⁾	$\vartheta_{St} \geq -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$t \leq 3 \text{ min}$, without load ($p \leq 50 \text{ bar}$), $n \leq 1000 \text{ rpm}$ (size 5 to 200), $n \leq 0.25 \cdot n_{nom}$ (size 250 to 1000), permissible temperature difference between axial piston unit and hydraulic fluid max. 25 K
		FKM	$\vartheta_{St} \geq -25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	
Warm-up phase	$v = 400 \dots 1600 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$			$t \leq 15 \text{ min}$, $p \leq 0.7 \cdot p_{nom}$ and $n \leq 0.5 \cdot n_{nom}$
Continuous operation	$v = 10 \dots 400 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}^{3)}$	NBR ²⁾	$\vartheta \leq +78 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	measured at port T
	$v_{opt} = 16 \dots 36 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$	FKM	$\vartheta \leq +103 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	range of optimum operating viscosity and efficiency
Short-term operation	$v_{min} = 7 \dots 10 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$	NBR ²⁾	$\vartheta \leq +78 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$t \leq 3 \text{ min}$, $p \leq 0.3 \cdot p_{nom}$
		FKM	$\vartheta \leq +103 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	measured at port T

¹⁾ If the specified temperatures cannot be maintained due to extreme operating parameters, please contact us.

²⁾ Special version, please contact us.

³⁾ Equates e.g. with the VG 46 a temperature range of +5 °C to +85 °C (see selection diagram)

Note

To reduce high temperature of the hydraulic fluid in the axial piston unit we recommend the use of a flushing and boost pressure valve (see chapter Extended functions and versions).

Dependent on the unit size flushing the case at port U can be carried out alternatively.

Selection of hydraulic fluid

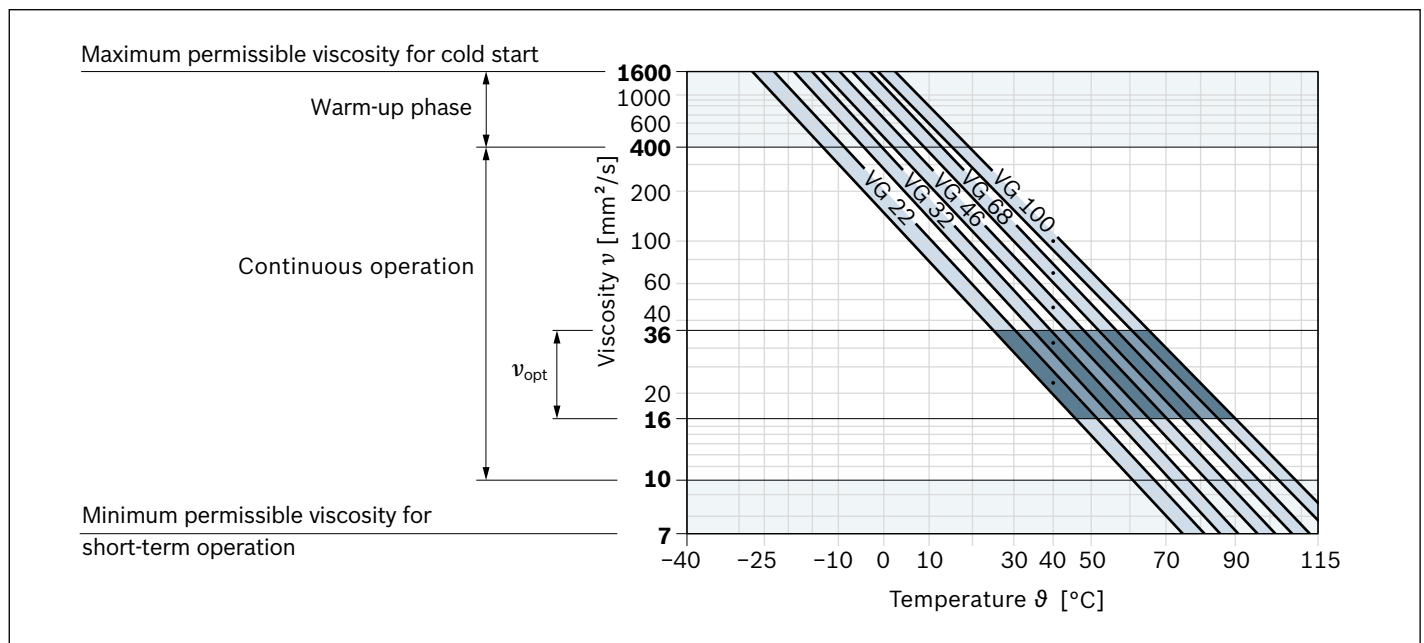
Bosch Rexroth evaluates hydraulic fluids on the basis of the Fluid Rating according to the technical data sheet 90235.

Hydraulic fluids with positive evaluation in the Fluid Rating are provided in the following technical data sheet:

- 90245: Bosch Rexroth Fluid Rating List for Rexroth hydraulic components (pumps and motors)

The hydraulic fluid should be selected so that the operating viscosity in the operating temperature range is within the optimum range (v_{opt} ; see selection diagram).

Selection diagram



Filtration of the hydraulic fluid

Finer filtration improves the cleanliness level of the hydraulic fluid, which increases the service life of the axial piston unit.

A cleanliness level of at least 20/18/15 is to be maintained according to ISO 4406.

At a hydraulic fluid viscosity of less than 10 mm²/s (e.g. due to high temperatures in short-term operation) at the drain port, a cleanliness level of at least 19/17/14 according to ISO 4406 is required.

For example, the viscosity is 10 mm²/s at:

- HLP 32 at a temperature of 73°C
- HLP 46 at a temperature of 85°C

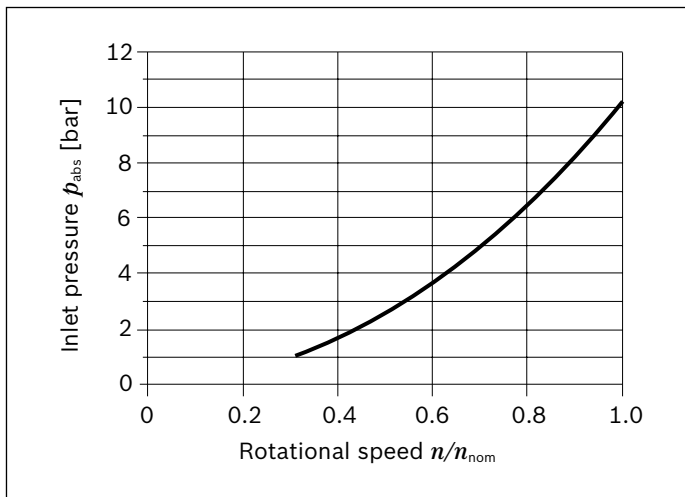
Operating pressure range

Pressure at working port A or B (high-pressure side)			Definition
Nominal pressure	p_{nom}	see table of values	The nominal pressure corresponds to the maximum design pressure.
Maximum pressure	p_{max}	see table of values	The maximum pressure corresponds to the maximum operating pressure within the single operating period. The sum of the single operating periods must not exceed the total operating period.
Single operating period		10 s	
Total operating period		300 h	
Minimum pressure	$p_{HP\ min}$	25 bar	Minimum pressure on high-pressure side (port A or B) required to prevent damage to the axial piston unit.
Minimum pressure at inlet (pump operating mode)	$p_{E\ min}$	see diagram	To prevent damage to the axial piston motor in pump mode (change of high-pressure side with unchanged direction of rotation, e.g. when braking), a minimum pressure must be guaranteed at the working port (inlet). The minimum pressure depends on the rotational speed and displacement of the axial piston unit.
Total pressure	p_{Su}	700 bar	The summation pressure is the sum of the pressures at both work ports (A and B).
Rate of pressure change			Definition
with integrated pressure relief valve	$R_{A\ max}$	9000 bar/s	Maximum permissible rate of pressure build-up and reduction during a pressure change over the entire pressure range.
without pressure relief valve	$R_{A\ max}$	16000 bar/s	
Case pressure at port T			Definition
Continuous differential pressure	$\Delta p_{T\ cont}$	2 bar	Maximum averaged differential pressure at the shaft seal (case to ambient)
Pressure peaks	$p_{T\ peak}$	10 bar	$t < 0.1\ s$

Note

- ▶ Working pressure range valid when using hydraulic fluids based on mineral oils. Values for other hydraulic fluids, please contact us.

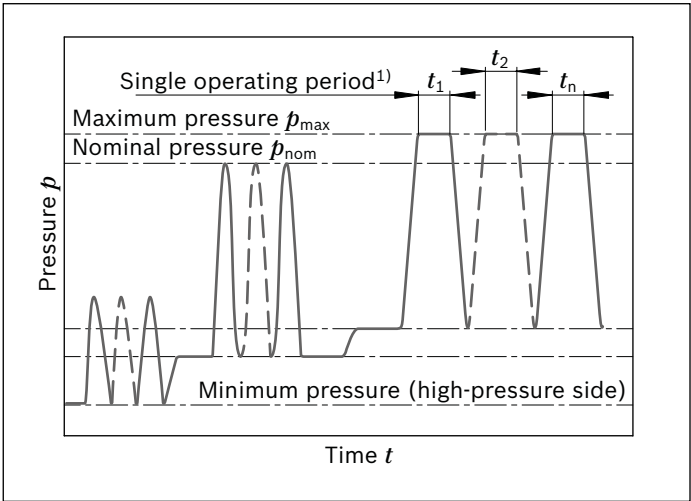
Minimum pressure at inlet (pump operating mode)



This diagram is only valid for the optimum viscosity range of $\nu_{opt} = 16$ to $36\ mm^2/s$.

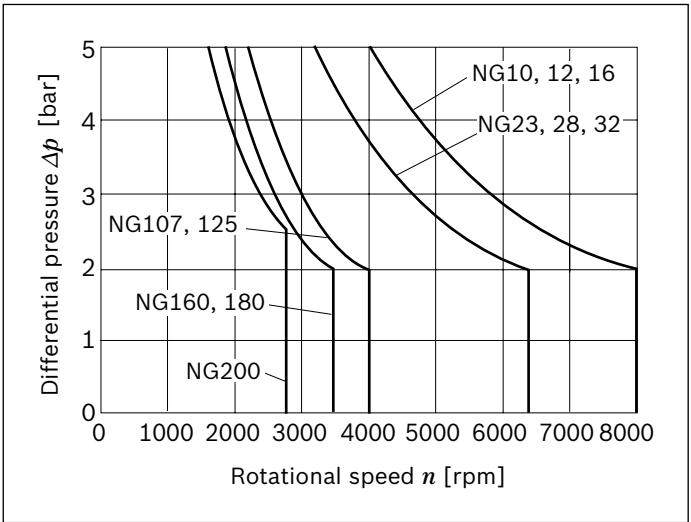
If the above mentioned conditions cannot be ensured, please contact us.

Pressure definition



¹⁾ Total operating period = $t_1 + t_2 + \dots + t_n$

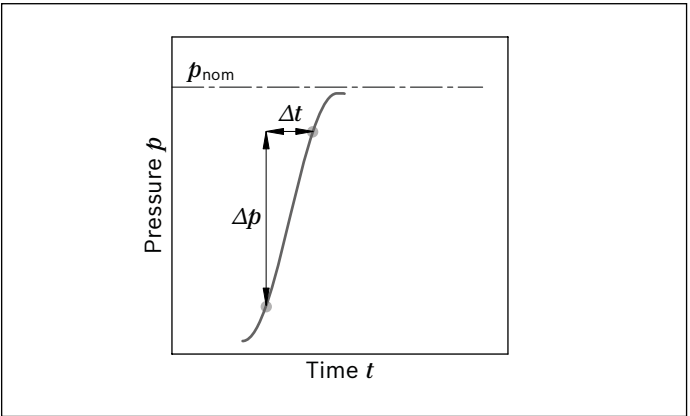
Maximum differential pressure at the shaft seal,
size 10 ... 200



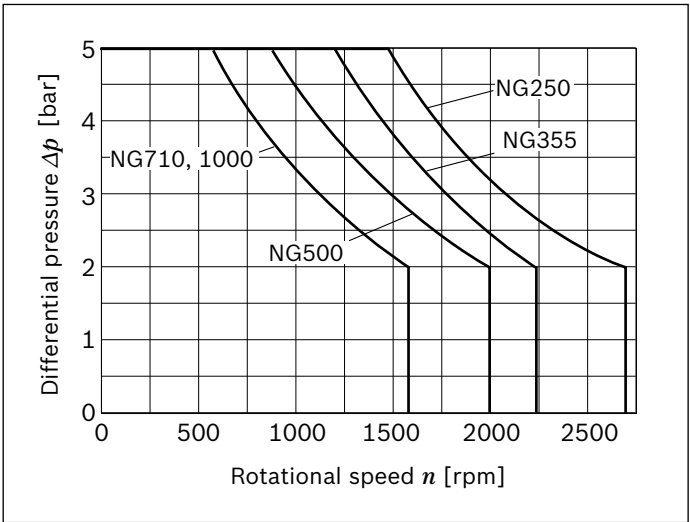
Note

- The service life of the shaft seal is influenced by the speed of the axial piston unit and the case pressure.
- The service life decreases with an increase of the mean differential pressure between the case and the ambient pressure and with a higher frequency of pressure spikes.
- The case pressure must be equal to or higher than the ambient pressure.

Rate of pressure change



Maximum differential pressure at the shaft seal,
size 250 ... 1000



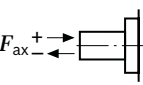
Direction of flow

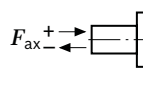
Direction of rotation, viewed on drive shaft

clockwise counter-clockwise

A to B B to A

Permissible radial and axial forces of the drive shaft

Size		5	10		12		16	23		28		32	107	
Drive shaft	Code	B, C	Z, P	A, B	Z, P	A, B	A, B	Z, P	A, B	Z, P	A, B	A, B	Z, P	A, B
	Ø mm	12	20	25	20	25	25	25	30	25	30	30	40	45
Maximum radial force at distance a (from shaft collar)	 $F_{q \max}$ kN	1.6	3	3.2	3	3.2	3.2	5.7	5.4	5.7	5.4	5.4	13.6	14.1
	a mm	12	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	20	20
Permitted torque at $F_{q \max}$	$T_{q \max}$ Nm	24.7	66	66	76	76	102	146	146	179	179	204	679	679
Permitted differential pressure at $F_{q \max}$	$\Delta p_{q \max}$ bar	315	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
Maximum axial force, when standstill or in non-pressurized conditions	 $+ F_{ax \max}$ N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	$- F_{ax \max}$ N	180	320	320	320	320	320	500	500	500	500	500	1250	1250
Maximum axial force, per bar operating pressure	$+ F_{ax \max}$ N/bar	1.5	3	3	3	3	3	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	12.9	12.9

Size		125	160		180	200	250	355	500	710	1000
Drive shaft	Code	A, B	Z, P	A, B	A, B	A, B	Z, P	Z, P	Z, P	Z, P	Z, P
	Ø mm	45	45	50	50	50	50	60	70	90	90
Maximum radial force at distance a (from shaft collar)	 $F_{q \max}$ kN	14.1	18.1	18.3	18.3	20.3	1.2 ¹⁾	1.5 ¹⁾	1.9 ¹⁾	3 ¹⁾	2.6 ¹⁾
	a mm	20	25	25	25	25	41	52.5	52.5	67.5	67.5
Permitted torque at $F_{q \max}$	$T_{q \max}$ Nm	796	1021	1021	1146	1273					
Permitted differential pressure at $F_{q \max}$	$\Delta p_{q \max}$ bar	400	400	400	400	400					
Maximum axial force, when standstill or in non-pressurized conditions	 $+ F_{ax \max}$ N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	$- F_{ax \max}$ N	1250	1600	1600	1600	1600	2000	2500	3000	4400	4400
Maximum axial force, per bar operating pressure	$+ F_{ax \max}$ N/bar	12.9	16.7	16.7	16.7	16.7					

¹⁾ When at a standstill or when axial piston unit operating in non-pressurized conditions. Higher forces are permissible when under pressure, please contact us.

General instructions

- The values given are maximum values and do not apply to continuous operation.
- The axial force in direction $-F_{ax}$ is to be avoided as the service life of the bearing is reduced.
- Special requirements apply in the case of belt drives. Please contact us.

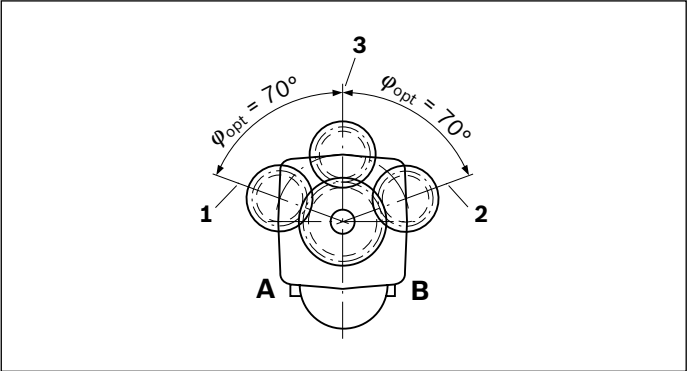
Notes for sizes 250 ... 1000:

- In case of radial forces limited performance data is valid. Please contact us.
- In case of axial forces during operation of the unit please contact us.

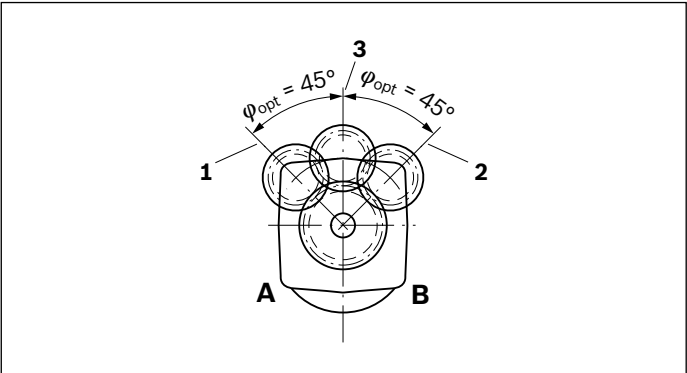
Effect of radial force F_q on the service life of bearings

By selecting a suitable direction of radial force F_q the load on the bearings caused by the internal rotary group forces can be reduced, thus optimizing the service life of the bearings. Recommended position of mating gear is dependent on direction of rotation. Examples:

Toothed gear drive, size 5 ... 180



Toothed gear drive, size 200 ... 1000



- 1 Direction of rotation "counter-clockwise", pressure at port **B**
- 2 Direction of rotation "clockwise", pressure at port **A**
- 3 Direction of rotation "bidirectional"

Long-life bearing

Size 250 to 1000

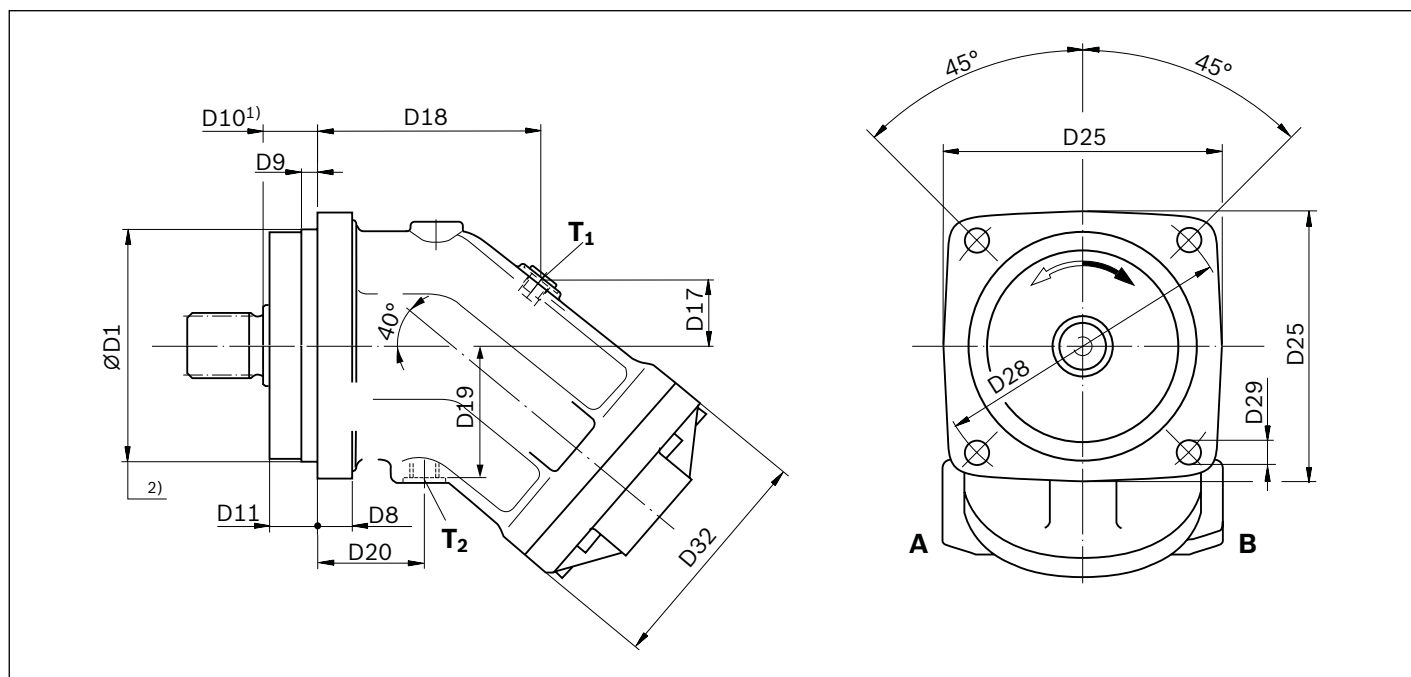
For long life cycle and use with HF hydraulic fluids. Identical external dimensions as design with standard bearing. Subsequent modification to long-life bearing is possible. Bearing and housing flushing via connection **U** is recommended.

Bearing flushing

Flushing flow (recommended)

Size	250	355	500	710	1000
Flushing flow q_v l/min	10	16	16	16	16

Size 23 ... 180



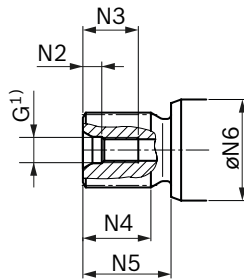
1) To shaft collar

2) Flange ISO 3019-2

Size	D1		D8	D9	D10	D11	D17	D18	D19	D20	D25	D28	D29	D32
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
23	100	0 - 0.022	18	8	25	23.2	25	106	56	42	118	125	11	106
28	100	0 - 0.022	18	8	25	23.2	25	106	56	42	118	125	11	106
32	100	0 - 0.022	18	8	25	23.2	25	106	56	42	118	125	11	106
107	160	0 - 0.025	23	10	40	36.5	40	140	85	65	190	200	17.5	150
125	160	0 - 0.025	23	10	40	36.5	40	140	85	65	190	200	17.5	150
160	180	0 - 0.025	25	10	40	37.2	47	158	96	72	210	224	17.5	180
180	180	0 - 0.025	25	10	40	37.2	47	158	96	72	210	224	17.5	180

Drive shafts Z and A

Splined shaft DIN 5480



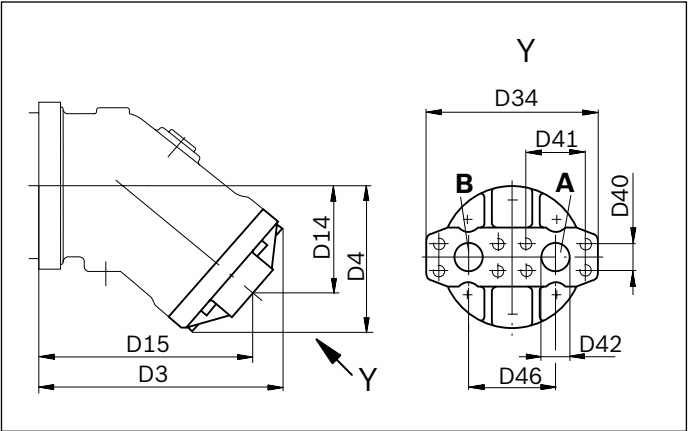
¹⁾ Center bore according to DIN 332 (thread according to DIN 13)

Splined shaft DIN 5480

NG	Code	Designation	Thread G	N2	N3	N4	N5	ØN6
				mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
23	Z	W25×1.25×18×9g	M8 × 1.25	6	19	28	43	35
	A	W30×2×14×9g	M10 × 1.5	7.5	22	27	35	35
28	Z	W25×1.25×18×9g	M8 × 1.25	6	19	28	43	35
	A	W30×2×14×9g	M10 × 1.5	7.5	22	27	35	35
32	A	W30×2×14×9g	M10 × 1.5	7.5	22	27	35	35
107	Z	W40×2×18×9g	M12 × 1.75	9.5	28	37	45	50
	A	W45×2×21×9g	M16 × 2	12	36	42	50	50
125	A	W45×2×21×9g	M16 × 2	12	36	42	50	50
160	Z	W45×2×21×9g	M16 × 2	12	36	42	50	60
	A	W50×2×24×9g	M16 × 2	12	36	44	55	60
180	A	W50×2×24×9g	M16 × 2	12	36	44	55	60

Port plate 01

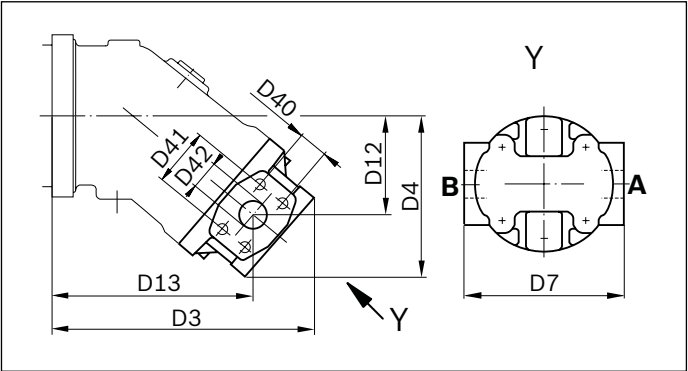
SAE working ports at rear



Size	D3	D4	D14	D15	D34	D40	D41	D42	D46
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
23 ... 32	173	106	78	153	115	18.2	40.5	13	59
107 ... 125	252	159	120	225.5	194	31.8	66.7	32	99
160 ... 180	294	188	134	252	194	31.8	66.7	32	99

Port plate 02

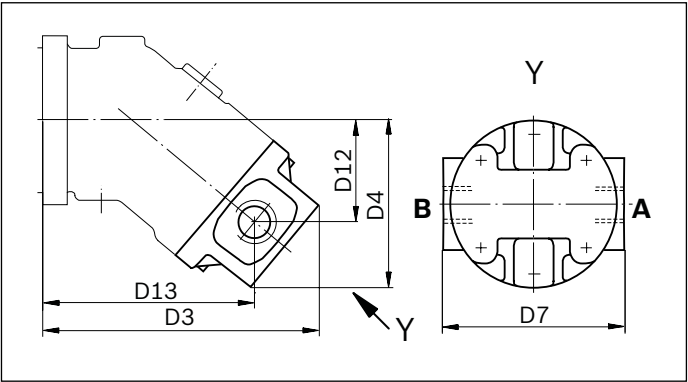
SAE working ports at side, opposite



Size	D3	D4	D7	D12	D13	D40	D41	D42
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
23 ... 32	190	117	120	70	144	18.2	40.5	13
107	285	181	178	110	213	27.8	57.2	25
125	285	181	178	110	213	31.8	66.7	32
160 ... 180	294	188	202	121	237	31.8	66.7	32

Port plate 03

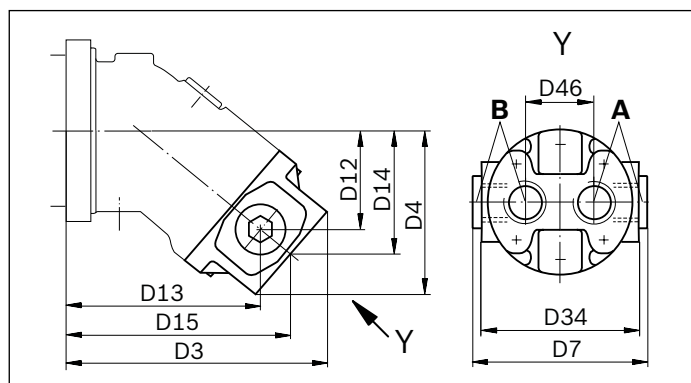
Threaded ports at side, opposite



Size	D3	D4	D7	D12	D13
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
23 ... 32	190	117	120	70	144

Port plate 04

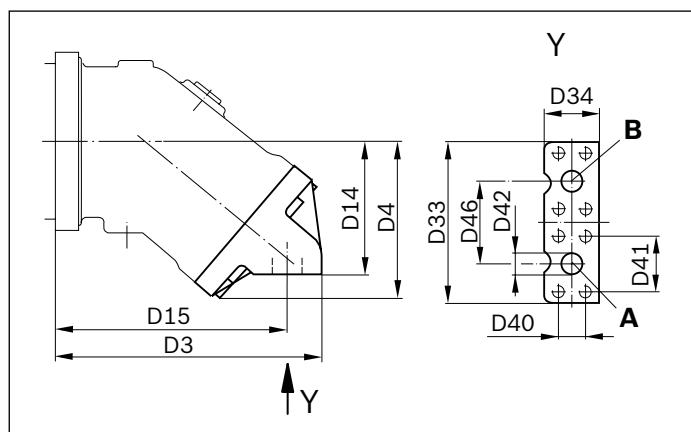
Threaded ports at side and rear



Size	D3	D4	D7	D12	D13	D14	D15	D34	D46
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
23 ... 32	190	117	130	70	144	88	166	120	58

Port plate 10

SAE working ports at bottom



Size	D3	D4	D14	D15	D33	D34	D40	D41	D42	D46
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
28 ... 32	178	106	91	158	115	40	18.2	40.5	13	59
107 ... 125	261	157	136	226	194	70	31.8	66.7	32	99
160 ... 180	290	185	149	252	194	70	31.8	66.7	32	99

Note

- The dimensional drawings of the port plates with valves can be found in the chapter "Extended functions and versions".

Ports

Size		23	28	32	107	125	160	180
A, B (plate 01, 02, 10)	Working port	Size	1/2 in			1 1/4 in ¹⁾	1 1/4 in	
		Standard	Dimensions according to SAE J518					
		Fastening thread ²⁾	M8 × 125; 15 mm deep			M14 × 2; 19 mm deep ¹⁾	M14 × 2; 19 mm deep	
		State on delivery	With protective cover (must be connected)					
A, B (plate 03, 04)	Working port	Size	M27 × 2; 16 mm deep					
		Standard ³⁾	DIN 3852					
		State on delivery ⁴⁾	With protective cover (must be connected)					
T ₁	Drain port	Size	M16 × 15; 12 mm deep			M18 × 15; 12 mm deep		M22 × 15; 14 mm deep
		Standard ³⁾	DIN 3852					
		State on delivery ⁵⁾	Plugged (observe installation instructions)					
T ₂	Drain port	Size	M16 × 15; 12 mm deep			M18 × 15; 12 mm deep		M22 × 15; 14 mm deep
		Standard ³⁾	DIN 3852					
		State on delivery ⁵⁾	With protective cover (observe installation instructions)					

¹⁾ In case of port plate 02: Size of working port A, B: 1 in with fastening threads M12 × 1.75, 17 mm deep

²⁾ Thread according to DIN 13

³⁾ The spot face can be deeper than specified in the appropriate standard.

⁴⁾ Unless otherwise specified: In case of connection plate 04 ports at the sides plugged. Other layouts on request.

⁵⁾ Unless otherwise specified. Other layouts on request.

Project planning information

Installation information

General information

- During commissioning and during operation, the axial piston unit must be filled with hydraulic fluid and bled. This must also be observed during longer standstill as the axial piston unit might drain itself via the hydraulic lines.

► Complete filling and bleeding must especially be ensured with the “Drive shaft upwards” installation position as there is, for example, the risk of running dry.

► The leakage in the housing area must be discharged to the tank via the highest-located drain port (**T1**, **T2**).
- If one joint drain line is used for several units, it is to be ensured that the relevant housing pressure is not exceeded. The joint drain line must be dimensioned so that the maximum admissible housing pressure of all connected units is not exceeded in any operating state, particularly during cold start. If this is not possible, separate drain lines have to be laid, if necessary.

► In order to achieve favorable noise values, all connection lines are to be decoupled using elastic elements and over-tank installation is to be avoided.

► The tank line must lead into the tank below the minimum liquid level in every operating state.

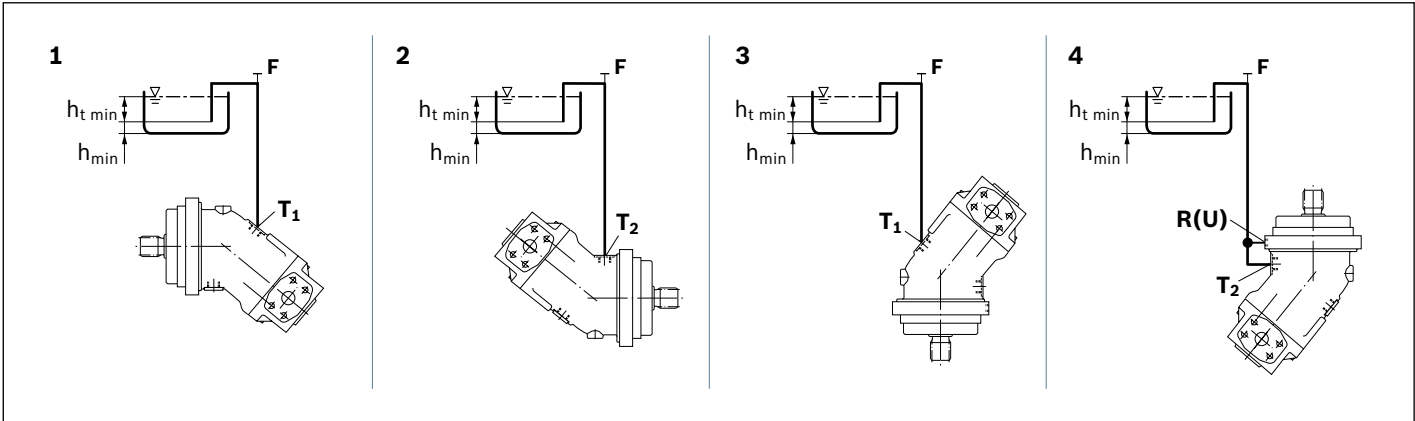
Installation position

See the following examples **1** to **8**.
Further installation positions are possible upon request.
Recommended installation position: **1** and **2**.

Note
For installation position **4** and **8** "shaft upwards" an air bleed port **R** is required (specify in plain text when ordering, special version).
With sizes 250 to 1000, port **U** is provided as standard in the area near the bearings for air bleeding.

Below-tank installation (standard)

Below-tank installation is at hand if the axial piston unit is installed below the minimum liquid level outside the tank.

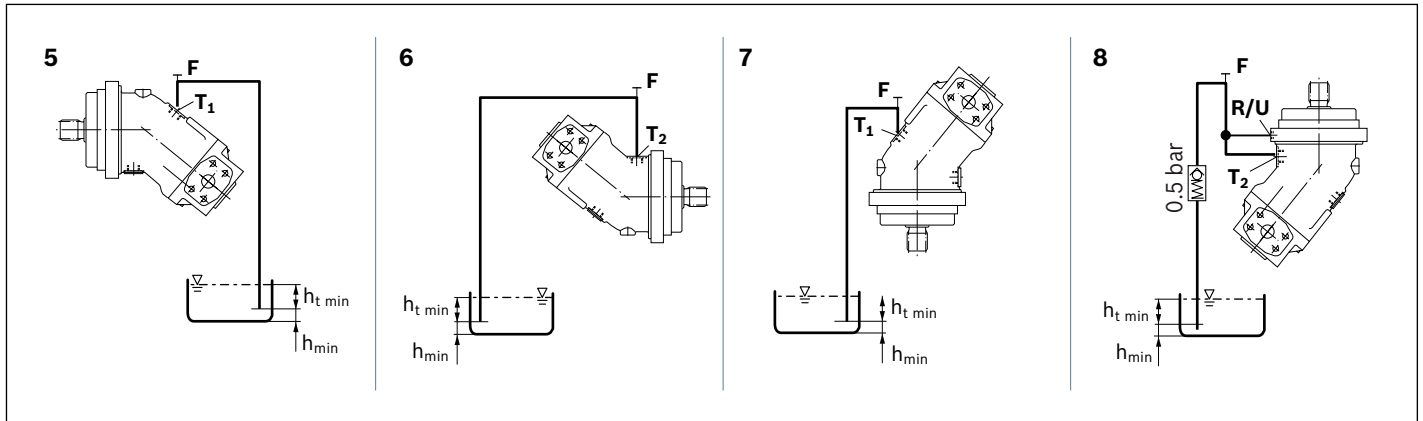


Installation position	Air bleeding	Filling
1	F	T ₁
2	F	T ₂
3	F	T ₁
4	R (U)	T ₂

Above-reservoir installation

Above-reservoir installation means that the axial piston unit is installed above the minimum fluid level of the reservoir.

Recommendation for installation position **8** (drive shaft upward): A check valve in the drain line (cracking pressure 0,5 bar) can prevent draining of the pump housing.



Installation position	Air bleeding	Filling
5	F	T ₁ (F)
6	F	T ₂ (F)
7	F	T ₁ (F)
8	R (U)	T ₂ (F)

Key

F	Filling / Air bleeding
R	Air bleed port
U	Bearing flushing / air bleed port
T₁, T₂	Drain port
$h_{t\ min}$	Minimum required immersion depth (200 mm)
h_{min}	Minimum required spacing to reservoir bottom (100 mm)

Note: Connection **F** is part of the external piping and must be provided on the customer side to simplify the filling and bleeding.

General project planning notes

- ▶ The axial piston motor is designed to be used in open and closed circuits.
- ▶ The project planning, installation and commissioning of the axial piston unit require the involvement of qualified skilled personnel.
- ▶ Before using the axial piston unit, please read the corresponding instruction manual completely and thoroughly. If necessary, request it from Bosch Rexroth.
- ▶ Before finalizing your design, request a binding installation drawing.
- ▶ The specified datas and notes must be observed.
- ▶ Preservation: Our axial piston units are supplied as standard with preservative protection for a maximum of 12 months. If longer preservative protection is required (maximum 24 months), please specify this in plain text when placing your order. The preservation times are valid under optimal storage conditions. Details of these conditions can be found in the data sheet 90312 or the instruction manual.
- ▶ Not all versions of the product are approved for use in a safety function according to ISO 13849. Please consult the responsible contact person at Bosch Rexroth if you require reliability parameters (e.g. MTTF_D) for functional safety.
- ▶ A pressure relief valve is to be provided in the hydraulic system.
- ▶ Observe the instructions in the instruction manual regarding tightening torques of connection threads and other threaded joints used.
- ▶ The notes in the instruction manual on tightening torques of the port threads and other screw joints must be observed.
- ▶ The ports and fastening threads are designed for the permissible maximum pressure $p_{\max}$ (see instruction manual). The machine or system manufacturer must ensure that the connecting elements and lines correspond to the specified operating conditions (pressure, flow, hydraulic fluid, temperature) with the necessary safety factors.
- ▶ The working ports and function ports are designated only to accommodate hydraulic lines.

Safety Instructions

- ▶ During and shortly after operation, there is a risk of burns on the axial piston unit. Take appropriate safety measures (e.g. by wearing protective clothing).
- ▶ In certain conditions, moving parts in high pressure relief valves might get stuck in an undefined position due to contamination (e.g. contaminated hydraulic fluid). This can result in restriction or loss of load holding functions in lifting winches. Therefore it is the machine and/or system manufacturers responsibility to make sure that the load can always be put in a safe mode if needed. Also, he needs to ensure that these measures are properly implemented.

Accessories

Product	Refer to document
Counterbalance valve BVD 20-25	RE 95522
Counterbalance valve BVE 25	RE 95526
Speed sensor DSA	RE 95133
Speed sensor HDD	RE 95135

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